

L E T T E R

F R O M

Sir THOMAS BODLEY, K^t. 19

S O M E T I M E

Queen ELIZABETH's

Agent in H O L L A N D,

To a Great Privy Counsellor, concerning

ENGLAND and the STATES General,

Their entring upon a Treaty of P E A C E with

PHILIP King of SPAIN.

Published as a Seasonable Caution at this Juncture, with respect to a Treaty with FRANCE.

L O N D O N:

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LETTER

ST THOMAS BODLEY K

SOMETIME

GEORGE ELLIOTT

1800 to 1811

1811 to 1812

1812 to 1813

1813 to 1814

1814 to 1815



1815 to 1816

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Sir *THOMAS BODLEY*, K^t.

S O M E T I M E

Queen *ELIZABETH*'s

Agent in *HOLLAND*.

May it please your Lordship,

UPon the receipt of your Yesterday's Letter, I have sought among my Papers, wherewith to serve your Lordship's turn, &c.

To give your Lordship Satisfaction, as touching those Arguments, on which the

GENERAL STATES grounded their unwillingness to hearken to a Treaty, I have herewith sent unto you the Printed Answer of the *States* to the Circles of the Empire, *Anno 1590*: the Proposition of the Baron *de Reidt* the Emperor's Ambassador, together with their Answer, in the Year 1592: the Project of a Letter, which I meant to have sent to *Brussels* to the Ambassador of the Emperor, if your Lordship for respects had not thought it better to suppress it: *Ernestus's* Letter to the *STATES*, persuading an Accord, with their Answer thereunto in the Year 1594. In those Propositions and Letters is all contained in effect that could be then produced, for making or marring a Peace with the *SPANIARDS*.

First, For *PEACE* is alledged, the general Desire of the Princes in *Europe*; the continual unchristian Effusion of Blood; the Desolation and Ruin of the States of both Parties, through the unspeakable slaughter of their People and Subjects; the intolerable Annoyance of all their Neighbour Countries; the notorious Disorders and Calamities in War; the grievous Impositions of new Taxes and Tallages; the Weariness of *Spain*, and their
Thirst

Thirst after Rest; whereby the *STATES* might stand assured of good performance of Conditions; the uncertain Events of Exploits in the Wars; and the Curse hereafter that their Children might give unto their Parents, for forfeiting by Rebellion their Antient Immunities.

The *STATES* have urged on the other side, for continuance of the *WARS*, the Cruelty, Pride, and Barbarous Carriage of the *Spaniard*, alike with them [in the *Low Countries*] as in the *Indies*, and in all other Places; the Examples of the Frauds, that they have heretofore used in all their Compositions; the Treacheries and Villanies which they have practised always against the Person of Her Highness, and in *France* against the King, and both their Dominions; the Violation of their Faith, at sundry Times, in sundry Causes, by means of their Belief, *Quòd cum Hæreticis non est servanda fides* [i. e. That Faith is not to be kept with Hereticks;] the ambitious Humour of the King, in apparently aspiring to the general Monarchy; the publick Abjuration received by the *STATES*, against him and his Government; the infamous Change of the Enemies
Opini-

Opinions, in matter of Religion, to serve their own Turns; having always held it heretofore for *Crimen læsæ Majestatis*, [i. e. High Treason] for any Subject to take Arms against his Natural Sovereign, and yet giving now of late all manner of Relief to the Rebels in *France*, and likewise in *Ireland*; the present Means that may be made, as soon as Peace is concluded, to draw the *Low-Countries* to a servile estate; the want of Might in their Allies to protect them, if they would, from that Intention of the Enemy; and *Lastly*, a most happy and speedy Success, which they expect of all their Troubles, if they might be very roundly and soundly supported.

In effect, My Lord, it was ever supposed by the *States*, that there can be no Security of Peace with the *Spaniards*. For that Her Majesty and They can but deal with him in Confidence, upon his simple Promise, which may prove, in case of Breach, much more prejudicial to Her Highness and to them, than to the King and his Countries. For if Her Majesty and the *STATES* should give the King occasion, he may soon work the means
to

to recover his former Strength. But if
wise Her Highness should be wronged by the
King, She should be so much then the Weak-
er, as now She is the Stronger, by reason of
those Her Forces that are a-foot among the
STATES. Which in all kind of likelihood,
She shall hereafter not be able to reduce, when
She should, to their present estate.

This is so much as your Letter, which your
Lordship hath written, doth seem to require.
Wherewith I would intreat, that since I have
no other Copies of those Pamphlets and Let-
ters, it might stand with your liking, to spare
them to me again, when your Lordship hath
no cause to detain them any longer. And so
with humble offer of my uttermost Service, in
what occasion soever you please to employ
me, I take my humble leave.

Your Lordships most humble

May the 8. 1598.
From London.

at Commaundement,

Tho. Bodley.

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